BUSINESS IN 2025
WEEKLY WEBINAR SERIES 2024





Your Host



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TODAY'S AGENDA

Kerry Langan

• Welcome / Agenda

Alyssa Christian (12:00 PM – 12:10 PM)

Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) Interim Final Rule

Aarti Chandan (12:10 PM – 12:20 PM)

Warehouse Worker Injury Reduction Program

Stephanie Fedorka (12:20 PM-12:30 PM)

Second Circuit Decision: Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

Kerry Langan (12:30 PM)

Adjourn



Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) Interim Final Rule



Alyssa M. Christian

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FinCEN's Interim Final Rule ("IFR")

- March 2, 2025 Treasury Department Announcement
- IFR released March 21, 2025
- Published (became effective) in the Federal Register on March 26, 2025
- Narrows the scope of the CTA to "foreign reporting companies"
- New deadline of April 25, 2025 or thirty days after the date the entity received notice (actual or constructive) that the registration is effective



What is a "Foreign Reporting Company"?

An entity that is:

- 1. formed under the laws of a foreign country; and
- 2. that is registered to do business in any U.S. state.
 - A foreign entity registers to do business by the filing of a document with the secretary of state or similar office

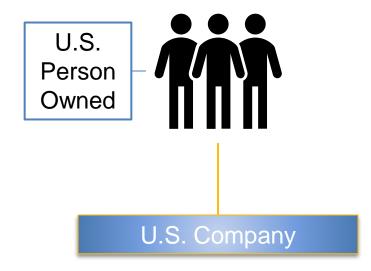


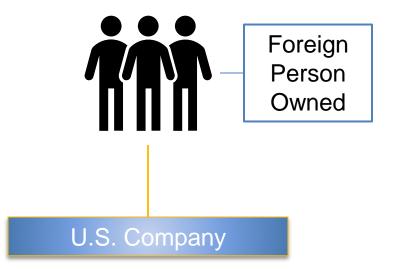
NO BOI Information from any U.S. Person

- Only notable change to the reporting requirements for foreign reporting companies.
- Foreign reporting companies always need to file and update BOI reports.
- There is now a box to check if all beneficial owners are U.S. Persons.



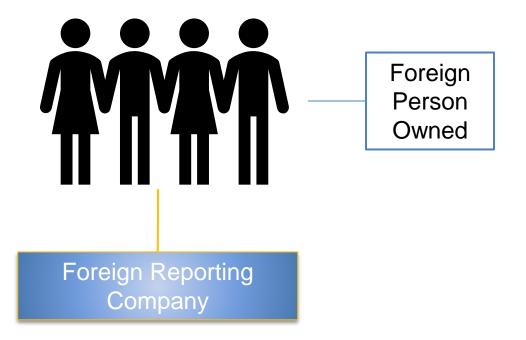
Does NOT Need to Report



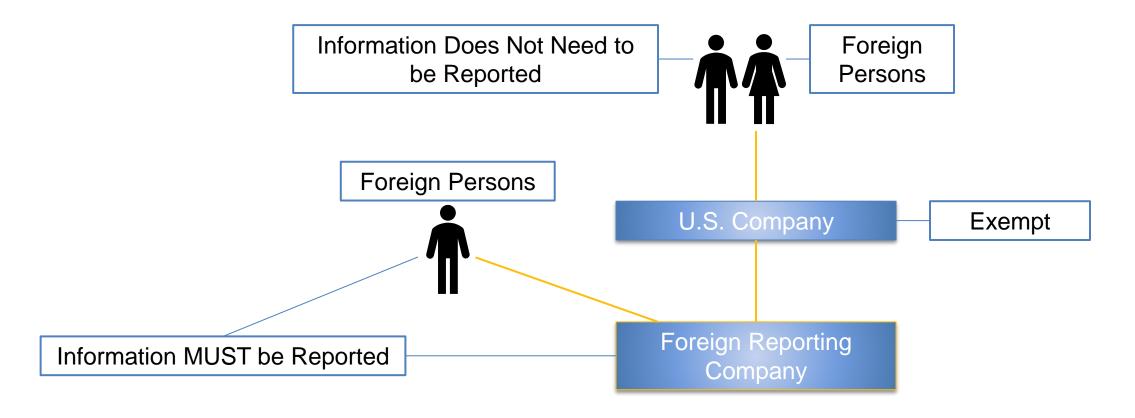




Needs to Report <u>AND</u> Provide Information on Beneficial Owners

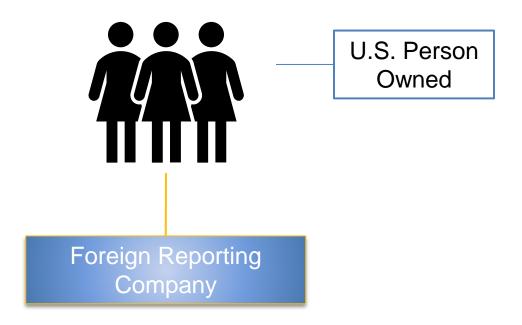




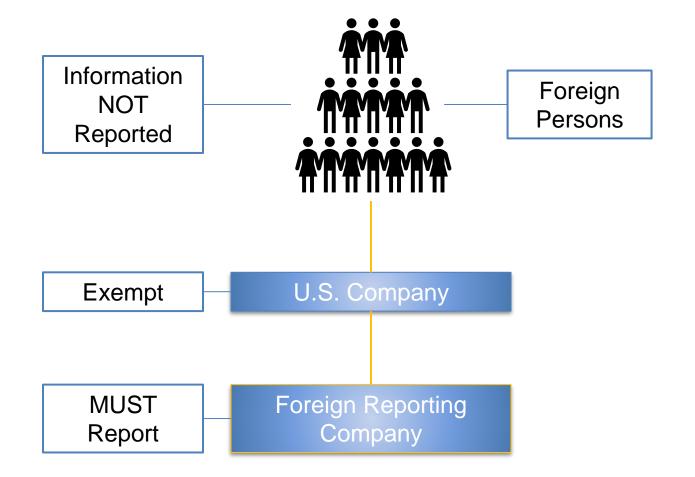




Entity Must Report <u>BUT</u> All Beneficial Owner Information May be Left Off









Other Things to Note

- Foreign Reporting Companies have an ongoing duty to update
- Comment period for the IFR
- No update regarding already filed BOI Reports
- FinCEN Identifiers
- NY LLC Transparency Act



Warehouse Worker Injury Reduction Program



Aarti Chandan Associate achandan@bsk.com Buffalo, NY



Second Circuit Decision: Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)



Stephanie H. Fedorka

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Recent Development: Tudor v. Whitehall CSD

- March 25, 2025 2d Circuit significantly changed legal standard for employers addressing disability-related accommodations
- Prior: Employer could win a motion to dismiss against a failure to accommodate claim where employer could establish that the employee could perform the essential functions of their job without accommodation (employee did not need the accommodation).



Facts

- Angel Tudor, high school math teacher, had a long history of PTSD
 - Symptoms were severe, included a stutter that affected her communication; nightmares that disrupted sleep and caused vomiting
 - Teacher took medication to manage symptoms; had been previously admitted to hospital for psychiatric care three times
- District had previously approved her to take one 15-minute break during each morning and afternoon prep periods to help manage symptoms
- New administration came in and implemented a new rule that prohibited teachers from leaving campus during prep periods
- Teacher tried to leave campus during her prep period pursuant to her previously approved accommodation and was reprimanded and told her documentation on file was insufficient
- Teacher admitted that she was able to perform the essential functions of her job regardless of the denial of the accommodation

Court Decision

- District filed motion for summary judgment and the District Court (NDNY) granted it.
- Teacher appealed to the Second Circuit
- Second Circuit reversed
 - District Court "erred by holding that an employee's ability to perform the essential functions of her job without a reasonable accommodation is fatal to her failure-toaccommodate claim."
 - Read text of ADA literally, very strictly
 - "Qualified individual" is "an individual who, <u>with or without</u> reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the employment position that such individual holds or desires."
 42 USC Section 12111(8)
 - "Ability to perform the essential functions of the job is relevant to a failure-to-accommodate claim...it is not dispositive."



Employer Takeaways

- Per Second Circuit: Employers must, absent undue hardship, offer a reasonable accommodation to an employee with a disability even if the employee is capable of performing the essential functions of the job with or without accommodation.
- Good time to review your accommodation processes
- Train and educate supervisors on proper protocol for interactive process and how to evaluate requests for accommodation
- Engage legal counsel for assistance when evaluating difficult requests

Questions?



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Sexual Harassment Prevention Training

To combat harassment in the workplace, <u>every</u> New York State employer must provide harassment prevention training for all employees annually.

For more information on Bond's online sexual harassment training click here or email bondonline@bsk.com



Thank You

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It is not to be considered as legal advice.

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